CONFRONTING SUBURBAN POVERTY IN METROPOLITAN LAS VEGAS

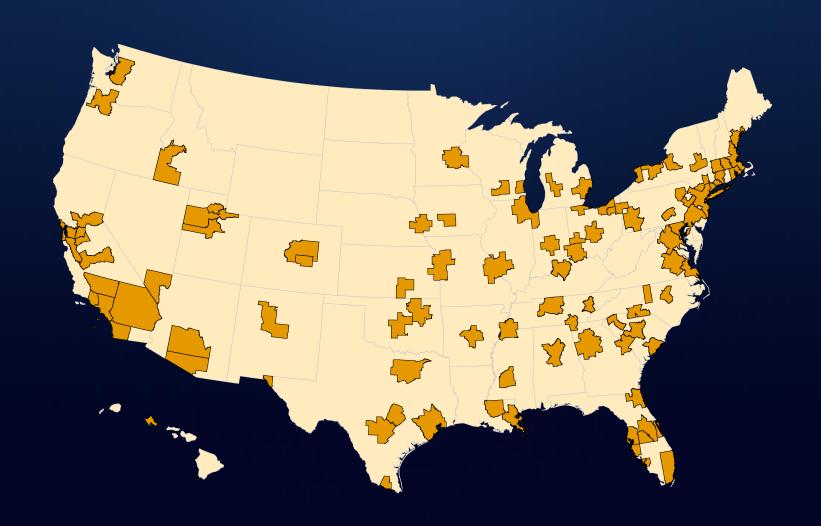




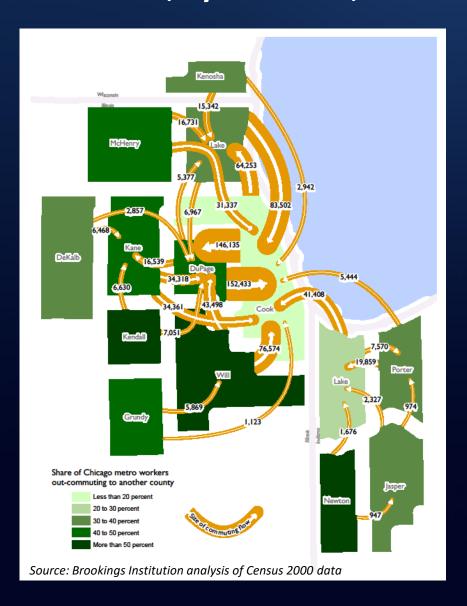
CONFRONTING
SUBURBAN
POVERTY IN
AMERICA

Elizabeth Kneebone and Alan Berube

Much of our work focuses on the country's 100 largest metropolitan statistical areas, which house two-thirds of the nation's population



Metropolitan areas are statistical representations of "commuter sheds" and, by extension, labor markets



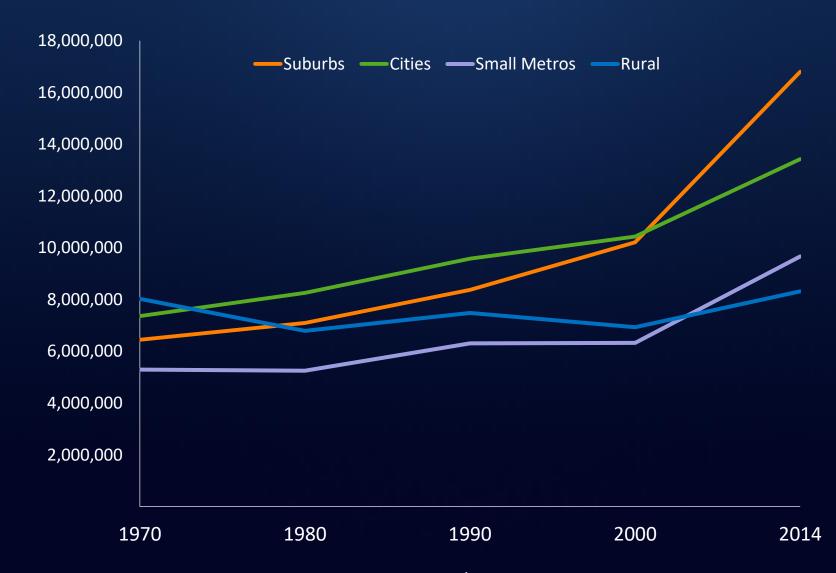
PRIMARY CITY in the 100 largest metro areas: First city in the MSA name; Any other named city with a population over 100,000

SUBURBS in the 100 largest metro areas: Remainder of the MSA outside the primary city or cities

SMALL METRO AREA: Any other MSA not in the top 100

RURAL: Any county not in an official MSA

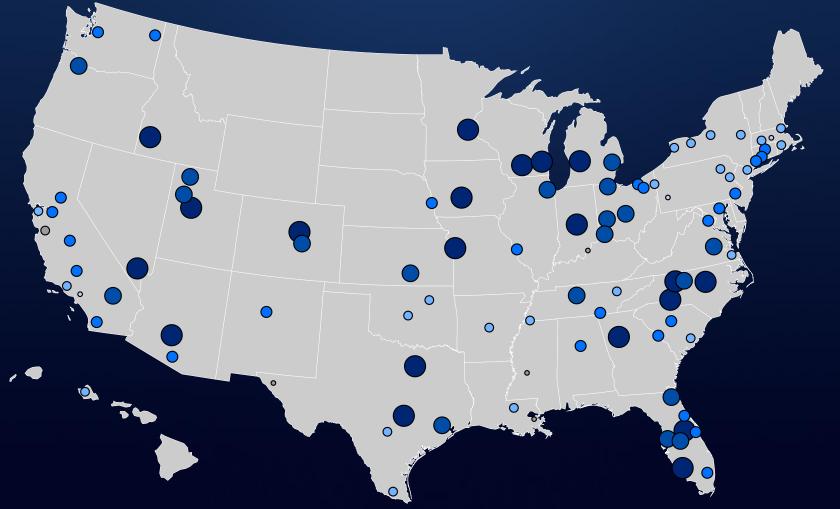
Today, suburbs are home to the nation's largest and fastest growing poor population



NOTE: The federal poverty threshold for a family of four was \$24,230 in 2014

Source: Brookings analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data

Between 2000 and 2014, the suburban poor population increased in 92 of the top 97 metros



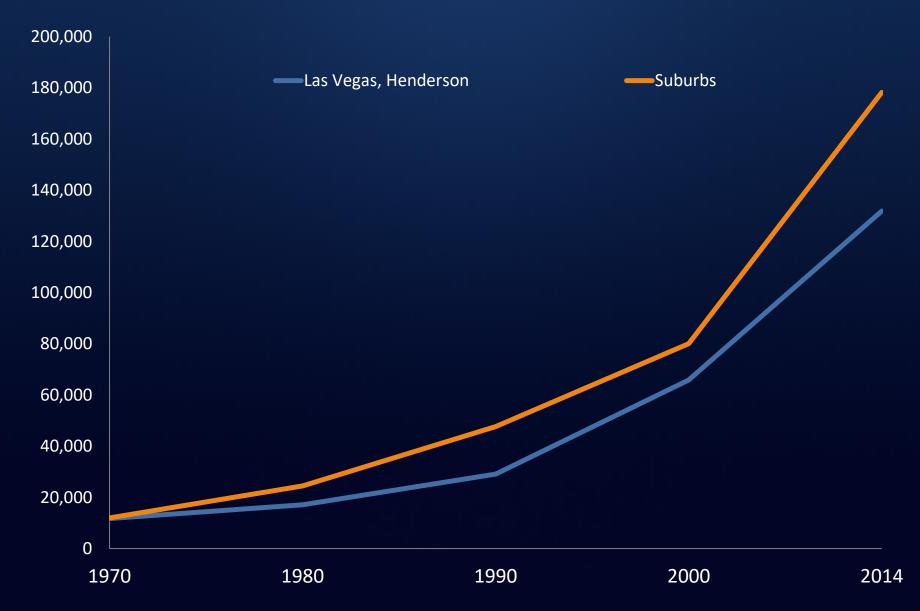
Percent Increase in Suburban Poor Population, 2000 to 2014

- +13% to +25% +25% to +50% +50% to +75% +75% to +100% +100% to +186%
 - Change not significant

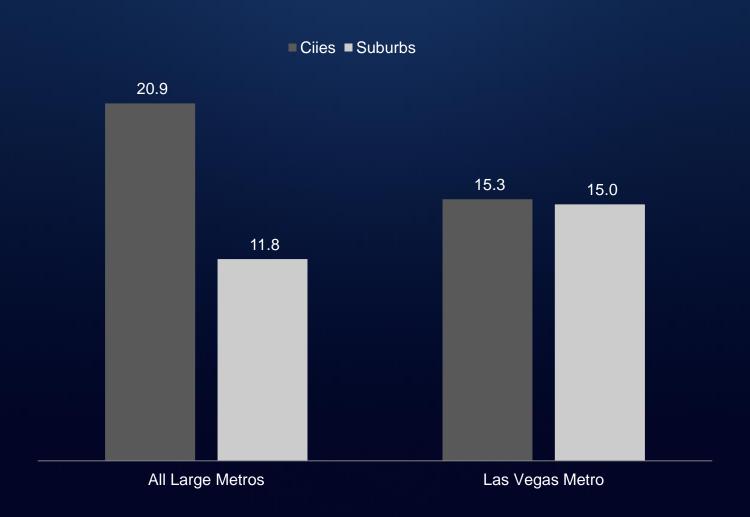
By 2014, 65 of the top 97 metros found the majority of their region's poor located in the suburbs



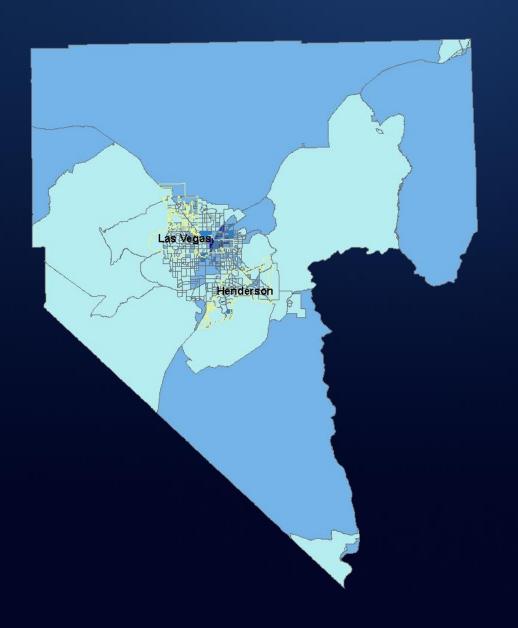
In metro Las Vegas, the suburban poor population grew by almost 123 percent between 2000 and 2014



A similar share of urban and suburban residents in the Las Vegas region live below the poverty line



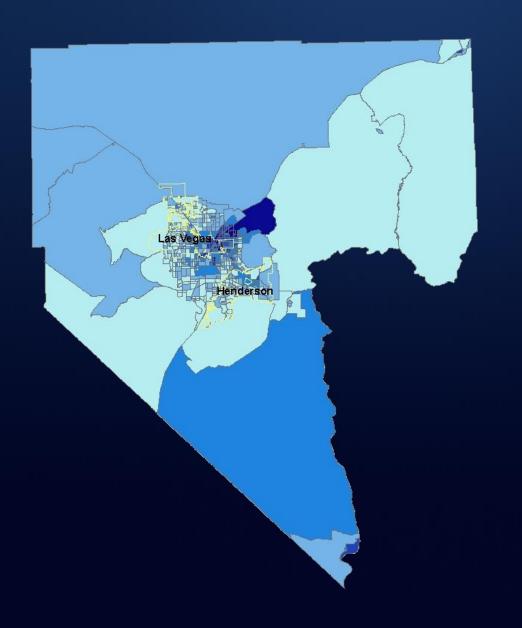
Poverty has moved beyond inner ring suburbs



Tract poverty rate Under 10% 10% to 20% 20% to 30% 30% to 40%

Over 40%

Poverty has moved beyond inner ring suburbs



Tract poverty rate Under 10% 10% to 20% 20% to 30% 30% to 40% Over 40%

Many factors drive suburbanizing poverty



Population Change



Immigration



Housing



Job Location



Regional Economy

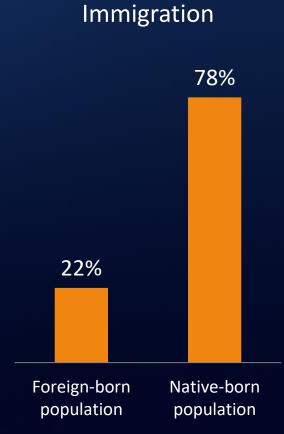
Overall population grew faster in the suburbs





Immigrants contributed to the growth

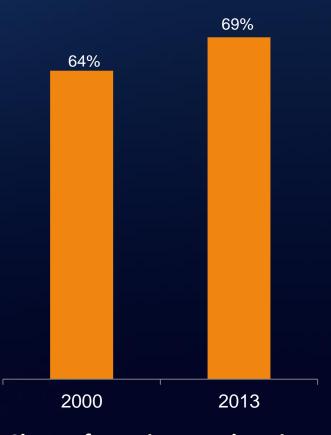




Contribution to Growth in Suburban Poor Population, 2000 to 2014

Shifts in the regional housing market helped shape these trends





Share of Housing Vouchers in Suburbs, Las Vegas Region, 2000 and 2013

Shifts in the regional housing market helped shape these trends

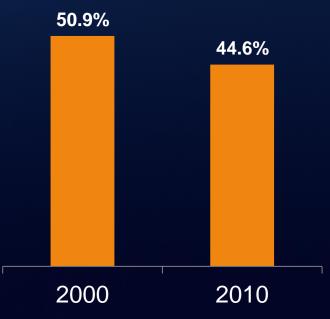




Share of Loans outside of Las Vegas, Las Vegas Region

Jobs are shifting away from the urban core





Share of Las Vegas Region Jobs Located within 3 Miles of Downtown

The economic downturn left many unemployed in the suburbs





Number of Suburban Unemployed, Las Vegas Region

Suburban poverty brings added challenges



Transit Access



Limited Philanthropic Resources



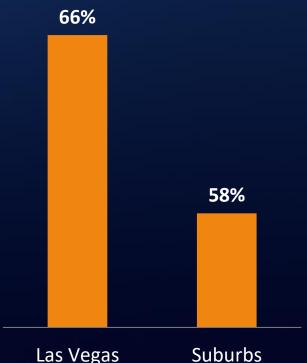
Strained Local Services



Change in School Populations

Suburban commuters with transit can't reach as many jobs





Las Vegas Suburbs

Share of Las Vegas Region Jobs

Accessible to Low-income

Neighborhoods within 90

Minutes via Transit

Suburban non-profit providers are stretched thin



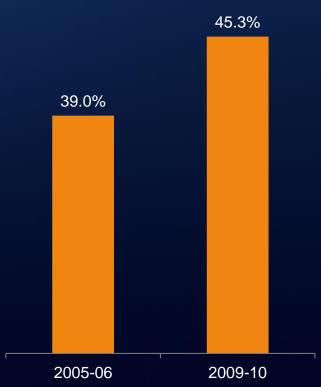


Number of Low-Income Serving Registered Nonprofits, Las Vegas Region, 2012*

Source: National Center for Charitable Statistics.

Schools are seeing low-income populations multiply





Percentage of Students Enrolled in Free and Reduced Price Lunch, Outside of Las Vegas, Las Vegas Region 2005-6 to 2009-10

Suburbs face additional challenges

Lack of Capacity



BBBBBB

Governance Challenges

Inflexible, Unreliable Funding

The legacy system of place-based anti-poverty programs does not map easily onto the suburban landscape

Emergency Food and Shelter hersener pour and anene Rental Assistance; Sustainable Communities Regional Planning Grant Program: Housing Choice Voucher Housing choice voucher HCV) Family Self-Sufficiency; Housing Connseling Job Training Job Corps; WIA Dislocated Worker

Food Assistance Child and Adult Care Food Program; The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP); Summer Food Service Program; Commodity Supplemental Food Program; WIC Farmers' Market Nutrition Program

\$82 billion 81 federal programs 10 agencies

Social Services

ubstance Abuse Treatm Block Grant; Social Service Block Grant: Substance Abuse Prevention Block Grant; Community Mental Health Services Block Grant (MHSBG); Access to Recovery (ATR)

Health

Consolidated Health Centers (Community Health Centers, Migrant Health Centers, Health Care for the Homeless, Public Housing Primary Care, and School Based Health Centers); Affordable Care Act (ACA) Grants for Capital Development in ealth Centers; Title V Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant rogram; Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program

Education

Title I — Improving The Academic Achievement Of The Disadvantaged; Head Start and Early Head Start; Improving Teacher Quality State Grants; Adult Basic and Literacy Education reacher Quanty State Grants, Adult basic and Efferacy Education State Grants; TRIO: Upward Bound; Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs (GEAR UP); Teacher Incentive Fund; TRIO: Student Support Services; College Access Challenge Grant Program; Mathematics and Science Partnerships; TRIO: Talent Search; Race to the Top -- Early Learning Challenge; TRIO: Educational Opportunity Centers; TRIO: Upward Bound Math Science; Parental Information and Resource Centers; Advanced Placement Program (Advanced Placement Test Fee; Advanced Placement Incentive Program Grants); School Leadership Program; Innovative Approaches to Literacy; Assets for Independence (AFI); IRS Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA); 21st Century Community Learning Centers

Employment and Training Activities; WIA Youth Appropriation; WIA Adult Program; WIA Dislocated Worker

National Emergency Grants; YouthBuild, Learn and Serve America.

School and Community Based

Programs: Supported Employment

State Grants; Work Opportunity Tax

Credit; Child Care and Development

Child Care Access Means Parents in School Program; Advance placement incentive Program Grants; Qualified zone academ) bonds (QZAB); Charter Schools Program

Economic Development New Markets Tax Credit: Renewal New Warkets Tax Ordan Reneware Scanning Tax Incentives Community Tax Incentives Community Development Financial Institutions Program:

Appa Journal Continues: Community

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Assistance Economic Adjustment Assistance: Economic Development: Support STSTATICE TEODOTHE DEVELOPMENT SUPPORTS COMMUNITY Assistance: Bank Enterprise Award: Economic
Technical Assistance. Development: Technical Assistance: Community Services Block Grant; Community Services Block Grant; Community Services Block Grant: Community Services Block Grant: Obscretionary Awards

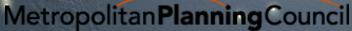
Yet innovators across the country are finding creative ways to navigate this system







investing in social change venture philanthropy partners











Western Reserve Land Conservancy Thriving Communities Institute

FROM VACANCY TO VITALITY





Emergency Food and Shelter broß swi. I Eusur pased Rental Assistance; Sustainable Communities Regional Planning Grant Regional Framing Sham Program, Housing Choice Noncyte (HCA) Estuty Self Sufficiency, Housing Counseling Assistance Food Assistance Child and Adult Care Food Program; The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP); Summer Food Service Program; Commodity Supplemental Food Program, uc Farmers' Market Nutrition program (FN 1

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Social Services Substance Abuse Treatment

Block Grant; Social Services Block Grant: Substance Abuse Prevention Block Grant; Community Mental Health Services Block Grant

Economic Development (MHSBG): Access to Recovery (ATR)

Education

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Resource Centers; Advanced Placement Program Placement Test Fee; Advanced Placement Incentive P. Grants); School Leadership Program; Innovative Approact Literacy, Assets for Independence (AFI); IRS Volunteer Inco. Tax Assistance (VITA); 21st Century Community Learning Centersy Child Care Access Means Parents in School Program; Advanced lacement Incentive Program Grants; Qualified zone academ

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New Markets Tax Credit: Renewal Community Tax Credity Renewal evelopment Financial Institutions Programs Love Community Tax Incentives: Community Love Community Tax Incentive ARRA-Investments for Public Works and

conomic Development Facilities: Recovery Zone Bonds; ARRA. Economic Adjustine

ard; Economic Assistance; Grant: Community Scretionary Awards

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Health

Achieve Scale

Collaborate and Integrate

Fund Strategically

Neighborhood Centers

Metropolitan Houston



- Has an annual budget of more than \$275 million,
 70 different sites, and a staff of over 1,000
- Coordinates resources from 35 federal programs, state, local, and private sources to provide a seamless continuum of services
- Collaborates with other area providers

Neighborhood Opportunity Network

Montgomery County, MD



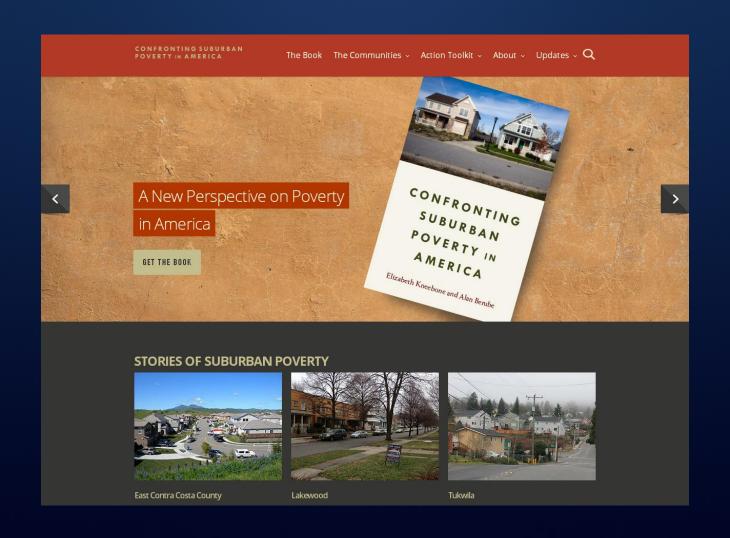
- A collaboration between the County, nonprofits, faith based community, and local philanthropy
- Targets high need areas with integrated and culturally competent services
- Builds awareness and community networks through door knocking, Neighbors Exchange, and Neighbor Circles

The Road Map Project

South Seattle and South King County suburbs



- Uses a collective impact, cradle to career model to close achievement gaps and improve outcomes, and relies on a consortium of public, private, and nonprofit stakeholders
- Works across seven school districts, including the city of Seattle and six suburban districts
- Employs a common set of metrics to track progress toward agreed upon goals



www.ConfrontingSuburbanPoverty.org

B Metropolitan Policy Program at BROOKINGS

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