

ARTICLE SUMMARY FORM: Fall 2026

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FINDING ARTICLES:

To complete an article summary, you must locate and read one of the articles listed below, and then complete [the Google Form](#) associated with this assignment.

We describe three different ways to search for research articles, but if you have difficulty, you can contact your instructor or a librarian for help.

1. One approach is to use the UNLV library online search to find the journal *Psychological Science*, and then select one of the online access options (Sage, JSTOR, or EBSCO). You can then locate the article by the volume and issue number (these are listed in each reference below, after the journal name) or by using the advanced search option to search by title and/or author.
2. A second option is to search directly for an article using a research database provided by the library. In particular, PsycINFO is a database which searches for articles across many different psychology journals. Like the basic library search, it also offers advanced tools for more specialized searches.
3. You may also use Google Scholar to search for articles. However, the full text is not always available here, so you may need to use one of the above methods.

ARTICLES:

- Bohn, M., Völter, C. J., Hanus, D., Eisbrenner, N., Eckert, J., Holtmann, J., & Haun, D. (2026). Individual differences in great ape cognition across time and domains: stability, structure, and predictability. *Psychological Science*, 37(5), 331-346.
- Folk, D., & Dunn, E. (2026). How does turning to AI for companionship predict loneliness and vice versa? *Psychological Science*, 37(4), 276-286.
- Hoogerbrugge, A. J., Strauch, C., Hoofters, N., Olivers, C. N. L., Nijboer, T. C. W., & Van der Stigchel, S. (2026). Multitarget visual search flexibly switches between concurrent and sequential search modes. *Psychological Science*, 37(6), 411-427.
- Hu, M., Zhao, W., Cao, M., Shanks, D. R., Hu, X., Luo, L., & Yang, C. (2026). Does overconfidence really confer adaptive benefits to children's learning? *Psychological Science*, 37(7), 477-492.
- Lieberman, M. D., Eisenberger, N. I., Crockett, M. J., Tom, S. M., Pfeifer, J. H., & Way, B. M. (2007). Putting feelings into words. *Psychological Science*, 18(5), 421-428.
- Liu, C. X., Blair, B. A., & Tenney, E. R. (2026). Registered report: can agentic black women get ahead? An experiment revisited. *Psychological Science*, 37(5), 347-364.
- Liu, Y., & Yang, F. (2026). Moved by the lightest touch of meaning: even minimal significance matters for motivation from childhood. *Psychological Science*, 37(8), 572-585.
- Ren, Z., Grant, L. H., & Keysar, B. (2026). Can Italians understand Spanish? Language closeness exacerbates the illusion of understanding. *Psychological Science*, 37(5), 365-374.
- Sønderskov, K. M., Heide-Jørgensen, T., Østergaard, S. D., & Dinesen, P. T. (2026). Local economic inequality and depression: evidence from longitudinal data on local residential contexts and antidepressant use. *Psychological Science*, 37(3), 206-223.
- Troisi, J. D., & Gabriel, S. (2011). Chicken soup really is good for the soul: "comfort food" fulfills the need to belong. *Psychological Science*, 22(6), 747-753.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUMMARIES:

This assignment must be fully completed and submitted through SONA via the [Google Form](#) associated with this assignment.

You will be asked to provide your name, student ID, and course information, along with the title of the article you are summarizing.

You will then be asked to respond to the following three prompts. **Note: You must answer in complete sentences; phrases will not be accepted. Answers should be in paragraph form and at least 150 words (approximately 6-7 sentences) but your answer can be longer if needed. Use your own words; the use of quotes or copying sentences from the article itself will not be accepted. Plagiarism will be reported for disciplinary action. Satisfactory credit is based on: (a) clarity (how well you explain your answers), (b) completeness (answering all questions completely), and (c) specificity (how detailed your answers are for each question).**

1. Please provide an overall summary of the article (e.g., describe what the research was about, define concepts used, who participated in the study, explain why the study was important). For EACH experiment conducted in the article, provide the independent variable(s) (i.e., what manipulations were performed on the participants or subjects) and the dependent variable(s) (i.e., what was being measured based on the manipulations).
2. For EACH experiment conducted in the article, please provide the hypotheses (i.e., what the researcher(s) predicted). Briefly explain the procedures used to answer each hypothesis. What did the researcher(s) find? Were the hypotheses supported or not supported? Why? What were the conclusions and/or implications of the article?
3. How does the topic covered in this article relate to either: your life, a current events topic, or a specific topic covered in your psychology course? What other variables would you manipulate, and what other hypotheses would you test? If you were the researcher of this article, how would you change the study to improve it? Provide details of your method and predictions of the outcome.