# Life in Extreme Conditions Research



# Environmental Biology Research

### Dr. Allen G. Gibbs

**Professor** 

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- Environmental physiology
- Insect physiology
- Experimental evolution

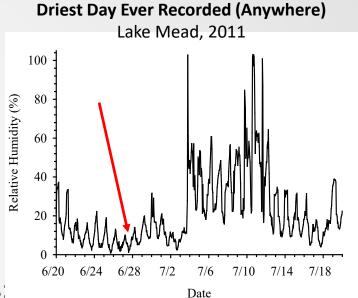


# Environmental Physiology of Desert Invertebrates

Adaption to water stress:



Adaptation to high temperatures:









# Experimental Evolution Research Using Fruit Flies

## Starvation resistance:

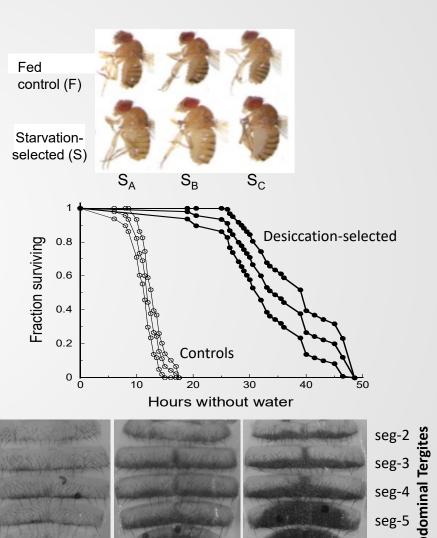
- a fly model for obesity

### Desiccation resistance:

understanding responses
 to desertification

# Pigmentation:

phenotypic correlations
 of melanization



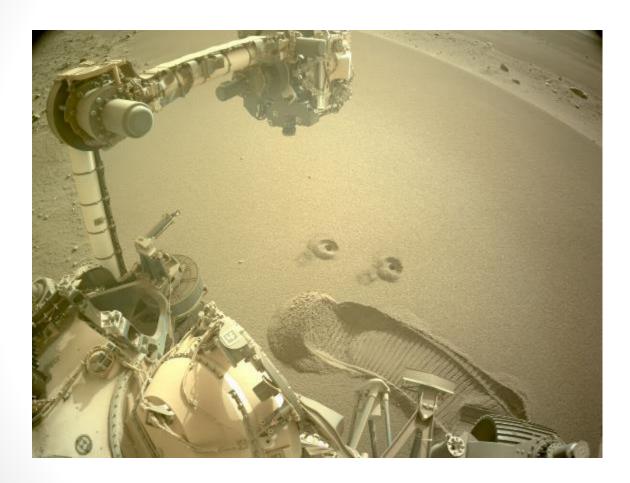
# Aqueous Geochemistry and Astrobiology

- Dr. Elisabeth (Libby) Hausrath
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- Using laboratory experiments, field work, and modeling to interpret water-rock interactions and soil-forming processes on Earth and Mars
- Interpreting the signatures of past aqueous and biological impacts on minerals
- Participating Scientist on the Mars Science Laboratory Curiosity and the Mars2020 rover Perseverance and member of the Network for Life Detection (NFOLD) Steering Committee..



# Holes made by sampling soil on Mars



## Image credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech

https://mars.nasa.gov/news/9311/nasas-perseverance-rover-gets-the-dirt-on-mars/#:~:text=The%20mission's%20first%20two%20samples,prepare%20for%20future%20missions%20there.



# Integrative Physiology

# Dr. Allyson Hindle

**Assistant Professor** 

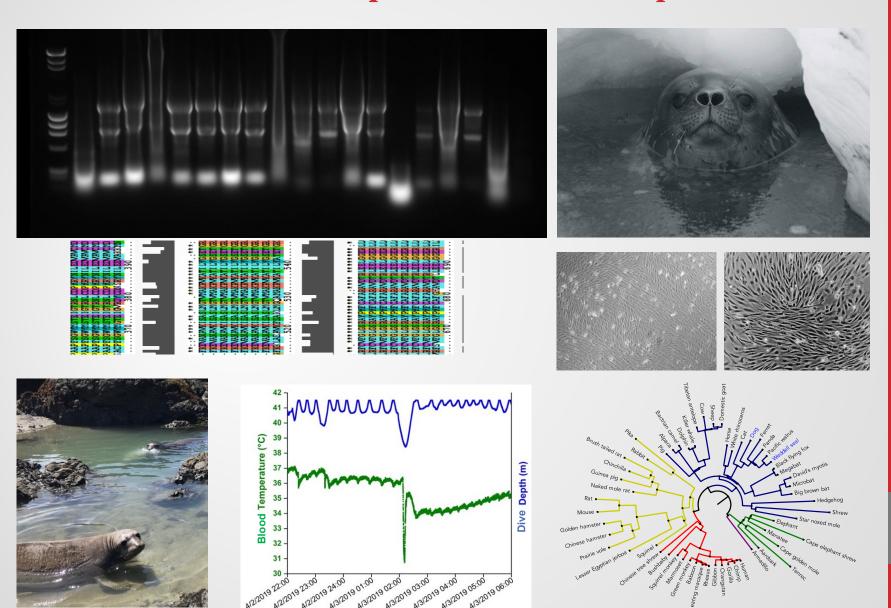
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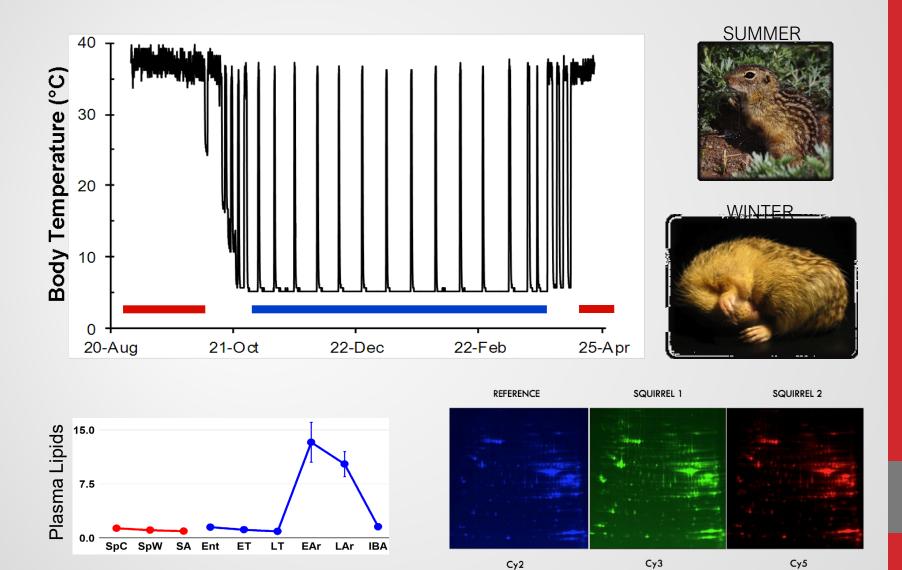
Email: allyson.hindle@unlv.edu

- molecular mechanisms of hypoxia tolerance in hibernating and diving mammals
- cardiovascular and blood pressure regulation
- comparative genomics, biomarker discovery and bioinformatics
- cell line resource development for non-model systems

# Cardiovascular protection of deep divers



# Metabolic control of small hibernators



# Meiselman Lab: Vectors and Dormancy

- Dr. Matthew R. Meiselman
- Assistant Professor of Neurophysiology
- School of Life Sciences
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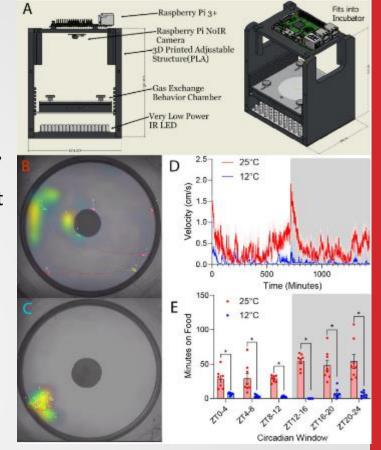


- Dr. Meiselman completed his PhD. In Cell, Molecular, and Developmental Biology at University of California-Riverside before studying neurobiology during his Postdoctoral work at Cornell University
- Dr. Meiselman focuses on the molecular and neural components which comprise dormancy (an extended depression of metabolism and behavior).
- Mosquitoes, ticks, and other medically-relevant arthropods depend on this state change for survival during winter or dry seasons
- We use the genetically tractable fruit fly as an "engine for discovery" to learn about this state, with the goal of applying this knowledge to other species to curtail the contraction of vector-borne disease



## Our lab currently has two main projects:

1. We are searching for neurons that control dormancy in *Drosophila melanogaster*. By using transgenic activators and inhibitors of neural activity, we are attempting to induce dormancy (normally a response to cold) in warm conditions, and to prevent induction of dormancy in cold conditions. We are also searching for **ethological signatures of dormancy**, such as changes in circadian rhythmicity, sleep or photopreference, which can complement our metabolism-oriented definition.





2. We are attempting to understand the drivers of tick questing (hunting) behavior. We are using custom-built apparati and high-resolution video analysis to determine how tick circadian rhythm or activity levels respond to ambient temperature, humidity and lighting conditions. This may lead to better information linking climatic conditions to tick bite risk.

# Geomicrobiology

## Dr. Aude Picard

Assistant Research Professor School of Life Sciences <a href="mailto:audeamelie.picard@unlv.edu">audeamelie.picard@unlv.edu</a>

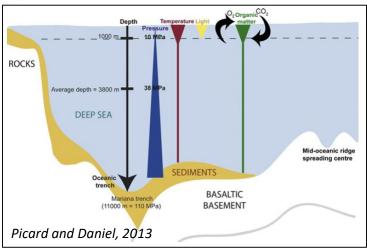
- Anaerobic microbiology
- Microbial physiology
- Biomineralization
- Astrobiology and biosignatures
- Microscopy & spectroscopy



# Microbial life in extreme conditions

- 1 Microbial life under high pressure
  - What are the pressure limits for microbial life?

High-pressure environments represent the largest habitat for microbial life on Earth



Oceans on icy moons (e.g. Europa) are potential habitats for microbial life in the outer Solar System

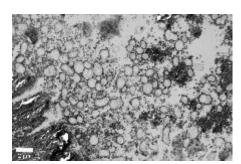


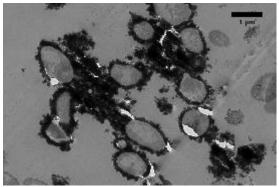
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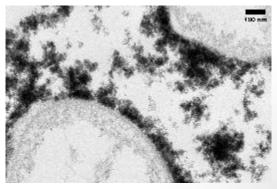
Microbe-mineral interactions

- How do bacteria cope with mineral encrustation?
- Do minerals play a role in long-term survival of bacteria?

Transmission electron microscopy images of bacteria encrusted in iron sulfide minerals







# Dryland microbes and soil ecology

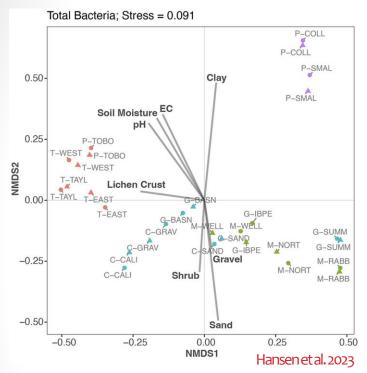
### Dr. Nicole Pietrasiak

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- Soil Microbiology and Ecology
- Biological Soil Crusts
- Phycology and Cyanobacteria/Algae Culture Collection
- Soil Science
- Dryland Ecology
- Biogeomorphology



# In our lab we investigate what shapes the diversity, abundance, and distribution of desert microbes



Landscape and soil properties select for unique microbiomes







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# WHEN IS A LINEAGE A SPECIES? A CASE STUDY IN MYXACORYS GEN, NOV. (SYNECHOCOCCALES: CYANOBACTERIA) WITH THE DESCRIPTION OF TWO NEW SPECIES FROM THE AMERICAS<sup>1</sup>



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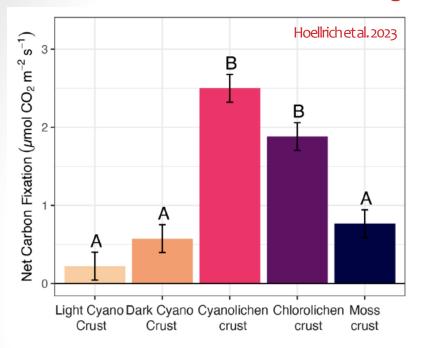




We also describe species and genera new to science and society.



# And we identify and quantify the roles microbes play in dryland ecosystem functioning and soil health





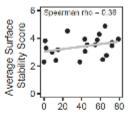


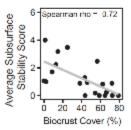


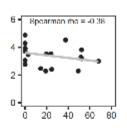


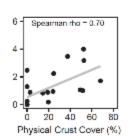


Dryland microbes are crucial for maintaining sustainable arid lands.









Microbes are part of our dryland biodiversity. They prevent soil loss, increase soil fertility, control nutrient cycling, and contribute to carbon sequestration.





# Extremophiles

## **Dr. James Raymond**

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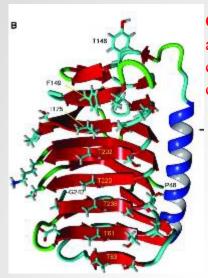
Email: raymond@unlv.nevada.edu

# **Expertise**

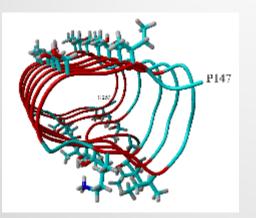
Adaptations to cold environments
Snow algae
Ice-binding proteins
Horizontal gene transfer



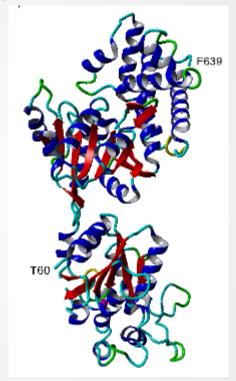
# Much of the Earth's surface is exposed to extreme conditions such as freezing, high temperature and hypersalinity.



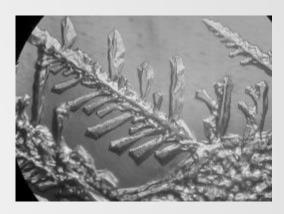
Ice-binding proteins.
Above, from a snow alga from the Austrian Alps.<sup>1</sup>
Below, from a grass growing on the coast of the Arctic Ocean.<sup>2</sup>



Organisms living in these regions have developed some remarkable adaptations that not only reveal the beauty of Nature, but also may have commercial applications (e.g., low-calorie ice cream) as well as provide clues to the presence of life in other worlds.



An unusual enzyme found only in a few species of algae. This one is from an alga that lives in a saline lake in Antarctica. The alga uses the enzyme to make glycerol so that it can remain in osmotic equilibrium with the lake water.<sup>3</sup>



Demonstration of how many proteins produced by microorganisms affect the growth of ice by binding to its surface. Here, proteins from a polar cyanobacterium distort the growth of a growing ice crystal.

#### References

- 1. Raymond and Remias (2019)
- 2. Sformo and Raymond (2020) (Submitted)
- 3. Raymond, Morgan-Kiss and Stahl (2020) (Submitted)



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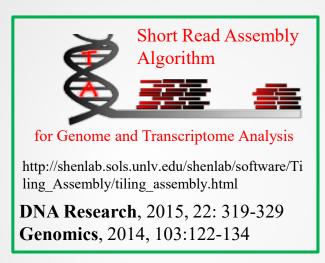
- Big Data Analysis to Study Biology, Agriculture and Medicine
- Molecular Mechanisms Controlling Plant Responses to Drought Heat, and Salinity
- Seed Germination, Tissue Culture and Plant Transformation
- Molecular Basis of Leukemia (in collaboration with Dr. J. Cheng at the University of Chicago Medical School)
- Nutrition of Cereal Crops (in collaboration with Dr. Christine Bergman, Ph.D. and R.D. at UNLV)

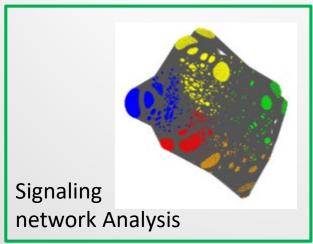


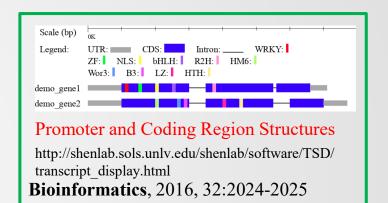
# Molecular Basis of Drought Stress Responses and Seed Germination



BMC Genomics, 2016, 17:102 Plant Science, 2015, 236:214-222 Front. Plant Science, 2015; 6: 1145 Trends in Plant Sci, 2010, 15: 247



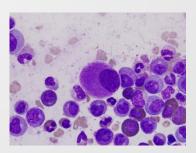




## Molecular Basis of Leukemia

**Plant Cell Environ**. 2017, 40:2004-2016

(in collaboration with Medical School, University of Chicago)



Cytogenetically normal refractory cytopenia with multilineage dysplasia (CN-RCMD)

**Nature Communications**, 2018, 9:1163 **Leukemia**, 2013, 27: 1291-1300

# STEM Education Research

## Dr. Jenifer C. Utz

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- Undergraduate STEM education
- Digital learning resources
- Mammalian hibernation



# Facilitating academic achievement for a diverse undergraduate population

# Effects of self-testing:

Voluntary Web-Based Self-Assessment Quiz Use is Associated With Improved Exam Performance, Especially for Learners with Low Prior Knowledge

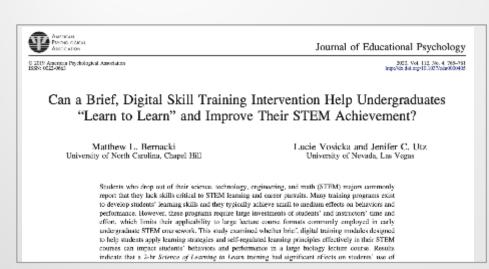
#### Jenifer C. Utz, PhD' and Matthew L. Bernacki, PhD'

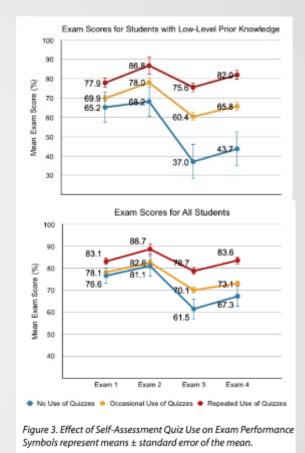
"School of Life Sciences, College of Sciences, University of Nevada Las Vegas, 4505 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, NV 89154 "Learning Analytics Initiative, College of Education, University of Nevada Las Vegas, 4505 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, NV 89154 jenifer.utri@univ.edu, matt.bernacki@univ.edu

#### Abstract

This study examined students' voluntary use of digital self-assessment quizzes as a resource for learning in a large anatomy and physiology lecture course. Students (n = 238) could use 16 chapter quizzes and four analogous unit quizzes to rehearse and self-assess knowledge. Most students (75%) engaged in occasional use of self-assessment quiz items; repeated use was uncommon (12%), as was lack of use (13%). Exam performance differed between quiz use groups. Quiz use improved exam performance more among students who entered the course with low prior knowledge of concepts from the prerequisite course. Cumulatively for all students and all exams, repeated self-assessment quiz users significantly outperformed occasional users (+7.5%) and non-users (+11.9%) on course exams. Incorporation of optional learning resources can enhance the learning success of students.

# Effects of skill training:







# Developing the Skill and Will to Succeed in STEM Scholarship Program

A primary goal of this scholarship program is to diversify and increase the number of students entering STEM professions





- The School of Life Sciences welcomed the first cohort of 17 Succeed in STEM Scholarship recipients in 2019
- Over \$420,000 of scholarship support will be distributed across the lifetime of this 5-year program

# Hibernation physiology

Rewarming from torpor:

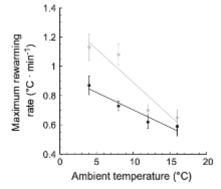
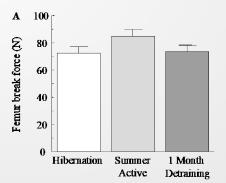


Fig. 3. Effect of ambient temperature on maximum rate of rewarming for natural and prematurely induced arousal from torpor. Symbols represent means  $\pm$  SE for natural (black) and induced (gray) arousal: n=5. There is a significant effect of  $T_n$  on the maximum rate of rewarming for both natural and induced arousals, p<0.05,  $r^2$ =0.88 respectively. There is a significant effect of arousal type on the maximum rate of rewarming, p<0.05.

Resistance to bone disuse atrophy:





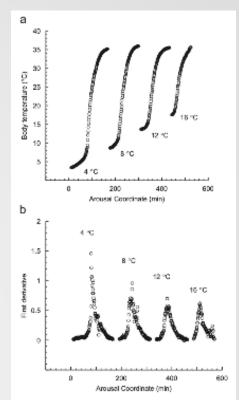
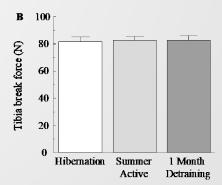


Fig. 2. Body temperature as a function of time during arousals from one individual. (A) Body temperature was measured every minute for a equirnd housed at 4, 8, 12, and 16 °C. (III) Instantaneous rate changes as demonstrated by plotting the first derivative as a function of time across the same range of ambient temperatures.





# School of Life Sciences

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- Metabolic depressions like mammalian hibernation
- Life in extreme environments



### Areas of research

- Hibernation in tenrecs and ground squirrels
- Paradoxical anaerobism in pupfish
- We use a variety of approaches from whole animal physiology to biochemistry to understand how animals live in extreme environments



