Discipline-Based Education Research



MaryKay Orgill

Professor Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry

- Ph.D., Chemistry, Purdue University
- Fellow, Royal Society of Chemistry
- Fellow, American Chemical Society
- Former Chair, ACS Division of Chemical Education
- CHE 116, MaryKay.Orgill@unlv.edu
- https://www.unlv.edu/people/marykay-orgill

Areas of Expertise

- Chemistry Education
- Biochemistry Education

Research Summary:

I am interested in using qualitative research techniques to examine and improve undergraduate chemistry teaching and learning. Currently, this involves looking at how students understand concepts and solve problems in chemistry classes, how they visualize different chemical concepts, how they use language to make sense of chemical concepts, and how a systems thinking approach to chemistry teaching might be used to help students learn chemistry more meaningfully. I have also been involved in a number of projects that provide professional development opportunities to faculty and K-12 teachers.





Postsecondary Underrepresented Minority STEM Students' Perceptions of Their Science Identity

Schetema Nealy Charles R. Drew University of Medicine and Science

MaryKay Orgill University of Nevada, Las Vegas

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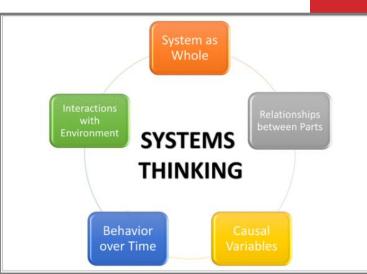
Vol 1, No 1, July 2015, PP 30-44



RESEARCH REPORT

Faculty Perceptions of the Factors Influencing Success in STEM fields

Eshani Gandhi-Lee¹, Heather Skaza, Erica Marti, PG Schrader, MaryKay Orgill University of Nevada, Las Vegas, USA



Introduction to Systems Thinking for the Chemistry Education Community

MaryKay Orgill,*,† Sarah York,† and Jennifer MacKellar

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Nevada, Las Vegas, Las Vegas, Nevada 89154, United States [‡]ACS Green Chemistry Institute, American Chemical Society, Washington, D.C. 20036, United States



Supporting English Language Learners in College Science Classrooms

Insights from Chemistry Students

Eshani N. Lee, MaryKay Orgill, & CarolAnne Kardash

THEORETICAL FRAMEWORKS for RESEARCH in CHEMISTRY/SCIENCE **EDUCATION**

> GEORGE M. BODNER MARYKAY ORGILL

DOI: 10.1039/C4RP00256C (Paper) Chem. Educ. Res. Pract., 2015, 16, 731-746

Biochemistry instructors' perceptions of analogies and their classroom use

MaryKay Orgill *a, Thomas J. Bussey b and George M. Bodner c

^aDepartment of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Nevada, Las Vegas, USA. E-mail: marykay.orgill@unlv.edu

^bDepartment of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, San Diego, USA

^cDepartment of Chemistry, Purdue University, USA

Undergraduate Education

Kurt M. Regner, Ph.D.

Professor in Residence School of Life Sciences 702-895-1071 kurt.regner@unlv.edu

Expertise

Plant Pathology
Microbiology education
Active learning
Problem-based learning
Undergraduate Research Programs
Classroom based research experiences

https://www.unlv.edu/lifesciences/moereu

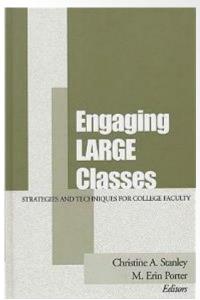


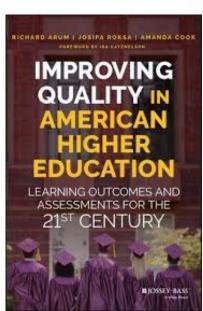
Teaching Approach

Challenge the students to take responsibility for their learning

Professor's responsibilities

- Integrate concepts
- Explain the relevance
- Manage content
- Provide resources
- Evidence-based practices
- Active and engaging lectures
- Implement a variety of assessment
- Provide timely feedback
- Treat the students with respect
- Fosters Educational Equity





Active Learning

Writing, thinking and discussion in class

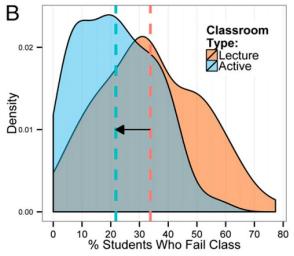
prior knowledge

deep processing

new material



- Discussions
- Minute Paper
- Murkiest Point
- Draw and Explain
- Class Participation
- Think Pair and Share



- Meta-analysis of 225 studies
- Active learning improved exam scores by 6.0%
- Active learning resulted in increases of a half grade: C- to C
- Students were 1.5x more likely to fail in traditional lectures

Tanner, K.D., 2013. Structure matters: twenty-one teaching strategies to promote student engagement and cultivate classroom equity. CBE-Life Sciences Education 12(3):322-331

Freeman, S., et al. 2014. Active learning increases student performance in science, engineering, and mathematics. PNAS 111(23):8410-8415

Biol 207 Phage Discovery (4 cr)

Bacteriophage biology is used as a model to introduce science students to the process of science, developing communication / collaboration skills and employing quantitative reasoning.

Course-based Research Experience

- Attracts students to STEM careers
- Improves freshman retention and graduation
- Largest gains are from students traditionally underrepresented in science

US needs 1 million STEM graduates for a competitive global economy

Jordan, T.C. 2014. A broadly implementable research course in phage discovery and genomics for first-year undergraduate students. *MBio*, *5*(1), pp.e01051-13.

Research Experiences for Undergraduates

Mechanisms of Evolution

- 10-wk summer research internship
- Research opportunities for students underrepresented in science
- Professional development activities
- Raise public awareness of evolution as a critical component of science literacy
- Enhance UNLV research infrastructure

moereu@unlv.edu

www.unlv.edu/lifesciences/moereu





STEM Education Research

Dr. Jenifer C. Utz

Associate Professor in Residence

School of Life Sciences

Phone: 702-895-3386

Email: jenifer.utz@unlv.edu

Expertise

- Undergraduate STEM education
- Digital learning resources
- Mammalian hibernation



Facilitating academic achievement for a diverse undergraduate population

Effects of self-testing:

Voluntary Web-Based Self-Assessment Quiz Use is Associated With Improved Exam Performance, Especially for Learners with Low Prior Knowledge

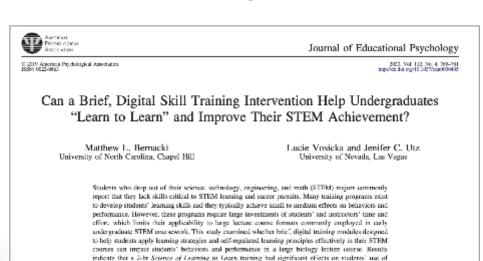
Jenifer C. Utz, PhD1 and Matthew L. Bernacki, PhD2

"School of Life Sciences, College of Sciences, University of Nevada Las Vegas, 4505 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, NV 89154 *Learning Analytics Initiative, College of Education, University of Nevada Las Vegas, 4505 S. Maryland Parkway, Las Vegas, NV 89154 ienifer.utri@univ.edu, matt.bernacki@univ.edu

Abstract

This study examined students' voluntary use of digital self-assessment quizzes as a resource for learning in a large anatomy and physiology lecture course. Students (n = 238) could use 16 chapter quizzes and four analogous unit quizzes to rehearse and self-assess knowledge. Most students (75%) engaged in occasional use of self-assessment quiz items; repeated use was uncommon (12%), as was lack of use (13%). Exam performance differed between quiz use groups. Quiz use improved exam performance more among students who entered the course with low prior knowledge of concepts from the prerequisite course. Cumulatively for all students and all exams, repeated self-assessment quiz users significantly outperformed occasional users (+7.5%) and non-users (+11.9%) on course exams. Incorporation of optional learning resources can enhance the learning success of students.

Effects of skill training:



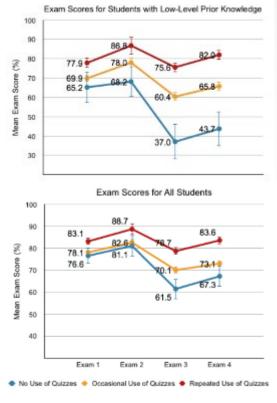


Figure 3. Effect of Self-Assessment Quiz Use on Exam Performance Symbols represent means ± standard error of the mean.



Developing the Skill and Will to Succeed in STEM Scholarship Program

A primary goal of this scholarship program is to diversify and increase the number of students entering STEM professions





- The School of Life Sciences welcomed the first cohort of 17 Succeed in STEM Scholarship recipients in 2019
- Over \$420,000 of scholarship support will be distributed across the lifetime of this 5-year program

Hibernation physiology

Rewarming from torpor:

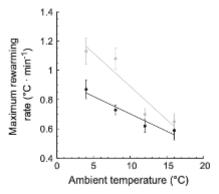
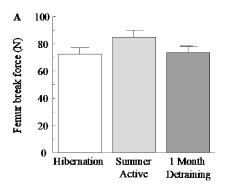
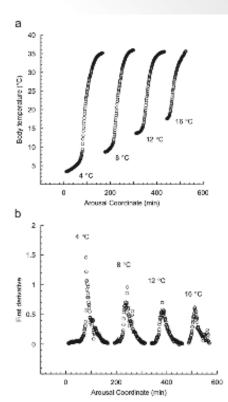


Fig. 3. Effect of ambient temperature on maximum rate of rewarming for natural and prematurely induced arousal from torpor. Symbols represent means \pm SE for natural (black) and induced (gray) arousal: n=5. There is a significant effect of T_s on the maximum rate of rewarming for both natural and induced arousals, p<0.05, r^2 =0.98, r^2 =0.88 respectively. There is a significant effect of arousal type on the maximum rate of rewarming, p<0.05.

Resistance to bone disuse atrophy:







Pg. 2. Body temperature as a function of time during arousals from one individual. (A) Body temperature was measured every minute for a egirned housed at 4, 8, 12, and 16 °C. (II) Instantaneous rate charges as demonstrated by pixeting the first derivative as a function of time across the same map of authorit temperatures.

