

Recommendations for Undergraduates Wishing to Pursue Quantitative Psychology

We recommend that, in addition to the required curriculum for psychology majors (e.g., PSY 101, 200, 210, 240, etc.), students who wish to pursue a career in quantitative psychology prepare themselves for graduate school by:

Taking Quantitatively Oriented Undergraduate Courses:

Take all of the following:

- PSY 406: Intermediate Statistics
- PSY 481: Principles of Psychological Assessment
- MATH 330: Linear Algebra
- MATH 176: Introductory Calculus for Business and Social Sciences OR MATH 181: Calculus I

Take one or two additional courses from the Statistics and Mathematics departments, such as

- MATH 182: Calculus II
- MATH 283: Calculus III
- MATH 271: Elementary Probability
- MATH 463: Advanced Matrix Theory and Applications

- STAT 152: Introduction to Statistics
- STAT 411: Statistical Methods I (covers distributions, estimation, and hypothesis testing)
- STAT 412: Statistical Methods II (covers regression and ANOVA)
- STAT 413: Statistical Experimental Design (ANOVA and ANCOVA)
- STAT 491: Statistics for Scientists I (covers distributions, estimation, and hypothesis testing – less math)
- STAT 492: Statistics for Scientists II (covers regression and ANOVA – less math)
- STAT 495: Nonparametric Statistics
- STAT 467: Introduction to Mathematical Statistics

Taking Quantitatively Oriented Graduate Courses:

Taking one or two of the following courses would strengthen your quantitative background. Undergraduates can take graduate-level courses, if they have the permission of the instructor.

- PSY 708: Statistics for Psychologists I
- PSY 709: Statistics for Psychologists II
- PSY 712: Psychometrics
- PSY 710: Multivariate Statistics
- CS 617: Introduction to Computer Simulation
- EAB 753: Nonparametric Methods for the Health Sciences
- EMBA 705: Applied Statistics
- EPY 722: Inferential Statistics and Experimental Design
- EPY 723: Theory and Practice of Human Measurement I

- EPY 724: Theory and Practice of Human Measurement II
- EPY 725: Item Response Theory and Applications
- EPY 732: Multiple Regression and Path Analysis
- EPY 733: Multivariate Statistics
- EPY 734: Latent Variable Models: Factor Analysis and SEM
- EPY 745: Categorical/Nonparametric Data Analysis
- EPY 746: Multilevel Statistical Methods: Theory and Application
- EPY 747: Large Scale Secondary Data Analysis
- PAF 711: Advanced Seminar in Quantitative Research in Public Affairs

Conducting Quantitatively Oriented Research:

Students should conduct research with psychology faculty starting in sophomore or junior year. Ideally, students should have completed or at least be enrolled in PSY 210 (statistics) and PSY 240 (research methods). Students can earn credit for lab work (e.g., Independent Study, Independent Research, or Honors Thesis). Quality time in 1 or 2 labs for a longer period of time is more valuable than working in multiple labs for shorter periods of time.

Two types of quantitative projects are possible. First, the research might involve a substantive area of psychology (e.g., cognitive, clinical, developmental, neuroscience). If so, the student's involvement in the project should ideally focus on "the data component of the research, including assisting with research design, item writing, data management, planning for statistical analyses, conducting analyses using common and specialized statistical software, and reporting findings." (APA, 2009, p 29)

Second, the research might focus on the quantitative techniques themselves. Students can evaluate the effectiveness of a particular statistical technique or might determine how well the technique works with different types of data. Students can be involved in original derivations, wherein new statistical techniques are created. Students could design computer programs that will calculate existing statistics.

Prepare and present papers at psychology conferences regarding your research.

Obtaining Quantitatively Oriented Experience:

Work as a tutor for statistics courses. This could be private tutoring (that you set up yourself) or through a tutoring service (such as the Academic Success Center) Work as Teaching Assistant for a statistics or research methods course.

Preparing For Graduate School:

Get involved in Psi Chi, the national honor society for psychology students, as well as the McNair Scholar program, the Undergraduate Research Opportunities Program, the UNLV Honors College, and the UNLV Department of Psychology OUMP program.

Get advice from faculty mentors about deciding on career options and choosing graduate schools.

Get advice about creating a curriculum vitae (CV) and writing a letter of intent.

Find out which graduate schools might best fit your interests, and tailor your application toward a specific faculty member or two who would best match your interests.

Read the American Psychological Association description of [Quantitative Psychology](#)

Review information provided for students by the American Psychological Association, such as the database *Graduate Study in Psychology* and the [Careers in Psychology brochure](#).

Reference:

American Psychological Association. (2009). [Report of the Task Force for Increasing the Number of Quantitative Psychologists](#).